



SERGEI TANEYEV

PIANO
CONCERTO

Full Score

Elibron Classics

Sergei Taneyev

Piano Concerto

Full Score

Elibron Classics

www.elibron.com

Elibron Classics series.

© 2007 Adegi Graphics LLC.

ISBN 0-543-71147-1 (paperback)

Elibron offers large selections of books, music, music scores, greeting cards, posters and prints. Visit us at www.elibron.com

Elibron and Elibron Classics are trademarks of Adegi Graphics LLC.
All rights reserved.

С. ТАНЕЕВ
S. TANEYEV

КОНЦЕРТ CONCERTO.

ДЛЯ ФОРТЕПЬЯНО С ОРКЕСТРОМ
FOR PIANO AND ORCHESTRA

ПАРТИТУРА
SCORE

СОСТАВ ОРКЕСТРА

2 флейты
2 гобоя
2 кларнета (Си $\flat$)
2 фагота

*

4 валторны (Фа)
2 трубы (Си $\flat$)
3 тромбона
Туба

*

Литавры

*

Фортепьяно соло

*

Скрипки I
Скрипки II
Альты
Виолончели
Контрабасы

2 Flauti
2 Oboi
2 Clarinetti (B)
2 Fagotti

*

4 Corni (F)
2 Trombe (B)
3 Tromboni
Tuba

*

Timpani

*

Piano solo

*

Violini I
Violini II
Viole
Violoncelli
Contrabassi

КОНЦЕРТ ДЛЯ ФОРТЕПЬЯНО THE PIANO CONCERTO

C. TАННЭВ
S. TANEYEV

Allegro

2 Flauti

2 Oboi

2 Clarinetti (B)

2 Fagotti

4 Corni (F)

¹⁾ 2 Trombe (B)

²⁾ 3 Tromboni
e
Tuba

Timpani

Piano

Allegro

Violini I

Violini II

Viole

Violoncelli

Contrabassi

1) У Танеева написано: „Trombi in F“. Чайковский исправляет: „Trombe“. Нами взяты Trombe in B.

2) У Танеева написано: „2 Тенор Розаулен, Trombone Basso e Tuba“ Чайковский замечает: (?) французское с нижегородским.

3) sul G (Чайковский)

4) Чайковский исправляет V-c. и C-b.



но ставит при этом (?) – вопросительный знак.

- 1) Цифры проставлены редактором.
- 2) Чайковский всем деревянным духовым ставит акцент (>) на первой четверти, кроме того у флейт меняет динамику с *p* на *mf*, а на полях ставит вопросительный знак.
- 3) Отсюда начиная, Чайковский на все повторяемые ноты валторне ставит акценты (>), с вопросительным знаком на полях.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

Archi

4

1)

p

p

p

p

p

pp III

pp

p

p

arco

arco

arco

p

p

p

p

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

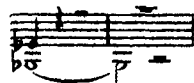
cresc.

cresc.

1) Чайковский исправляет 1-ую флейту:



2) Чайковский исправляет 4-ую валторну:



Fl. *cresc.* *f* *p* *f*

Ob. *cresc.* *f* *p* *f*

Cl. *cresc.* *f* *p* *f*

Fg. *cresc.* *f* *f*

Cr. *f* *f*

Trb. *p cresc.* *f* *f dim.* *cresc.* *f*

Trbn. e Tb. *p cresc.* *f* *f*

Tp. *f* *mf*

Arohi *f* *pp cresc.* *f*

f *pp cresc.* *f*

f *pp cresc.* *f*

f *pp cresc.* *f*

f *pp cresc.* *f*

- 1) Чайковский ставит: „(х) октава с басом?“ — указывая этим на запрещенный ход параллельной октавой.
- 2) Чайковский ставит на 1-й четверти всему дереву акцент(>) и исправляет *p* на *mf*, ставит при этом вопросительный знак и пишет: „или даже *f*“.
- 3) Чайковский пишет: „весьма высоко“ но потом зачеркивает и взамен делает сноску: „Не слишком ли сильно, не достаточно ли одной трубы? притом, весьма важно знать, какой знак у тромб.-м^у или *f*.“ [У Танеева знак отсутствует].
- 4) У Тимр. Чайковский ставит вопросительный знак.

Fl. *cresc.* *ff*

Ob. *cresc.* *ff* *respress.*

Cl. *cresc.* *ff* *6)*

Fg. *cresc.* *ff*

Cr. *cresc.* *f* *p* *II*

Trb. *1) cresc.* *2)* *f*

Trbn. e Tb. *cresc.* *f*

Tp. *cresc.* *f* *3)* *4)*

Archi *cresc.* *ff* *p* *5)* *p* *ff* *p*

1) и 2) Чайковский направляет 2-ую трубу:

5) Чайковский отмечает „не слабо ли?“

3) и 4) Чайковский ставит у литавр вопросительный знак.

6) Вероятно к этому месту относится черновой набросок Чайковского:



This image shows a page from a musical score for the piece 'L'Espresso' by Maurice Strakosky. The score is written for a full orchestra and includes measures 8, 9, and 10. The instruments are arranged in three systems:

- System 1:** Flute (Fl.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.).
- System 2:** Cor Anglais (Cr.).
- System 3:** Violins (Vl.), Violas (Vla.), Cellos (Vcl.), and Double Basses (Cb.).

The key signature is one flat (B-flat major or D minor), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings. Measure numbers 8, 9, and 10 are indicated in boxes above the staves. Performance instructions like 'p espress.' and 'dim.' are present. The score is marked with a double bar line between measures 9 and 10.

- 1) Чайковский пишет: „это было бы очень красиво, еслиб флейты играли одни“

2) и 4) Чайковский предлагает передать это место от альтов фэготу и вписывает фэготу соответствующие ноты:

3) Чайковский ставит отсюда партии 1-х и 2-х скрипок в скобки и пометает: „не уничтожить ли это“, кроме того пишет: „нужно ли espress.“

5) Чайковский вписывает кларнетам: „espress.“

6) Чайковский вписывает первым скрипкам: „cresc.“

11

cresc. *cresc.* *p*

cresc. *cresc.*

cresc. *cresc.*

cresc. *cresc.*

cresc. *cresc.*

12

Cl.

Fg.

pp

pprespress.

Archi

pp

pp

pp

pp

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Archi

pp

pp

pp

pp

Ob. *mf espress. cresc.*

Fg. *mf espress. cresc.*

Cr. *pp*

Archi *pp*

Fl. *mf espress. cresc.* **13** *fp*

Cl. *mf espress. cresc.* *fp*

Fg. *cresc.* *f*

Cr. *I. II cresc.* *pp cresc.* *fp*

Tp. *f*

Archi *cresc.* *fp*

cresc. *fp*

cresc. *fp*

cresc. *fp*

[illegible]

1) Чайковский ставит у кларнетов кресты и на полях пишет: „? важно это, или нет? Если да—почему не сильнее?“

14

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

f

p cresc.

p

cresc.

p

f

14

Arohi

f

f

f

f

f

f

1) **Fl.** *f* *dim.* **15** *f*

Ob. *f* *dim.* *f*

Cl. *f* *dim.* *mf* *f*

Fg. *a2* *f* *dim.* *mf* *f*

Cr. *f* *dim.* *f*

Trb. *f* *dim.* *f*

Trbn. *f*

Tb. *f*

Trp. *f* *dim.* *f*

Archi *div.* *f* *dim.* *f* *mf* *espress.* *pizz.* *mf* *pizz.* *arco* *f*

15 *pizz.* *arco* *f*

pizz. *arco* *f*

pizz. *arco* *f*

unis. *pizz.* *f*

mf *espress.* *pizz.* *f*

mf *arco* *f*

1) Чайковский пишет: „? 2 флейты унисон с первой.“

2) Чайковский исправляет фаготы:



3) Чайковский пишет: „не играть ли 1 скрипкам всю фразу октавой выше“ и помечает как именно:



[illegible]

Fl.
Cl.
Fg.
P.
Archi

Measures 17-20. Flute, Clarinet, and Bassoon are mostly silent. Piano plays a continuous sixteenth-note pattern. Strings play a sustained chord marked *p*.

18

Fl.
Cl.
Fg.
P.
Archi

Measures 21-24. Flute, Clarinet, and Bassoon enter with chords marked *p*. Piano continues with a sixteenth-note pattern. Strings play a sustained chord marked *p*.

P.

P.

19

Trb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

a tempo

20

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tr.

P.

20 **a tempo**

Archl

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

1) Чайковский направляет фаготы:

2) Чайковский прибавляет четвертую валторну:

21

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Tp.

P.

Archi

Fl.

Ob.

P.

Archi

22

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn. e Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

22

22

1) Чайковский вычеркивает 4 такта в партии литавр.

2) приписаны редактором, как явно пропущенные Танеевым.

24

Fig. *sfp*

Cr. *sfp*

P. *sfp*

Archi *sfp* *pizz.* *p*

23

Fl. *p*

Ob. *p*

P. *cresc.*

Archi *cresc.* *pizz.* *p*

p cresc. *pizz.* *p cresc.*

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony. The score is written for several instruments, including Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Piano (P.), and a string section (Archi). The notation is in a standard musical format, with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into measures, with some measures containing multiple notes and others containing rests. Dynamic markings such as 'cresc.' (crescendo) and 'p' (piano) are used to indicate changes in volume. The string section (Archi) is divided into first and second violins, violas, cellos, and double basses. The piano part (P.) is written for both hands. The flute and oboe parts (Fl. and Ob.) are written for single players. The score is presented in a clear, legible format, with a large, faint watermark in the background.

24

Fl. *f* *p* 3 *f*

Ob. *f* *p* 3 *f*

Cl. *f* *p* 3 *f*

Fg. *f* *p* a2 *f*

Cr. *f* *p* *f*

Trb. *f* *f*

Trbn. e Tb. *f*

Tp. *pp* *f*

P. *f* *p* *f*

24

Archi *arco* *p* 3 *f*

arco *f*

p *arco* *f*

p 3 *f*

arco *f*

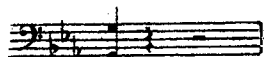
p *arco* *f*

p *f*

Fl. *p* *3* *ff*
 Ob. *p* *3* *ff*
 Cl. *p* *3* *ff*
 Fg. *p* *ff* 1)
 Cr. *p* *ff*
 Trb. *p* *ff*
 Trbn. *f*
 e
 Tb. *f*
 Trp. *pp* *f*
 P. *p* *f*
 Archi *p* *f*

The musical score is for page 27. It features a woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon), a brass section (Cornet, Trumpet, Trombone, Tuba), a piano, and a string section. The woodwinds and strings play a melodic line with triplets, starting at a piano (*p*) dynamic and moving to fortissimo (*ff*) in the second measure. The piano and trumpet play a rhythmic accompaniment, with the piano starting at piano (*p*) and moving to forte (*f*). The brass section provides harmonic support, with the tuba and trombone playing a steady rhythm. The string section plays a melodic line with triplets, starting at piano (*p*) and moving to forte (*f*). The score is in 3/4 time and features a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat).

1) Чайковский исправляет фаготы:



25

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg. 1) *p cresc.*
p cresc.

Cx.

Trb.

Trbn. e Tb. III *mf*

Tr.

P. *cresc.* 8

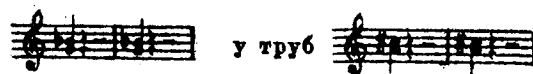
25

Archi

1) Чайковский исправляет фаготы:



2) Чайковский ставит крест и пишет: „хорошо ли здесь у I и II валторн расположение голосов“ и делает исправления:



This page of a musical score is for a symphony orchestra. It features the following instruments and parts:

- Fl. (Flute):** First staff, marked *f* in the third measure.
- Ob. (Oboe):** Second staff, marked *f* in the third measure.
- Cl. (Clarinet):** Third staff, marked *p cresc.* in the second measure and *f* in the third measure.
- Fg. (Bassoon):** Fourth staff, marked *p cresc.* in the second measure and *f* in the third measure.
- Cr. (Horn):** Fifth staff, marked *f* in the third measure.
- Trb. (Trumpet):** Sixth staff, marked *f* in the third measure.
- Trbn. e Tb. (Trombone and Tuba):** Seventh staff, marked *f* in the third measure.
- Tp. (Timpani):** Eighth staff, marked *f* in the third measure.
- P. (Piano):** Ninth staff, marked *p cresc.* in the second measure and *f* in the third measure.
- Archi (Strings):** Tenth staff, marked *f* in the third measure.

The score is in 3/4 time and includes dynamic markings such as *p*, *cresc.*, and *f*. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The score is divided into three measures, with the third measure being the most active, featuring a full orchestral tutti.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

The musical score is for page 30 and features a full orchestral ensemble. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone/Euphonium/Tuba (Trbn. e Tb.), and Trombone (Tp.). The piano (P.) and string (Archi) sections are also present. The score is written in a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a common time signature (C). The first system shows the woodwinds and brass instruments with a forte (f) dynamic marking. The piano part features a complex rhythmic pattern with a dotted line and a fermata. The string section is also marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the instruments are grouped by horizontal lines.

26 a2

Fl. *ff*

Cb. *ff*

Cl. *ff*

Fg. *ff* 1) a2

Cr. *ff*

Trb. *ff*

Trbn. e Tb. *f* 2)

Trp. *f*

P. *f*

26 8)

Archi *ff*

1) Чайковский исправляет фаготы:



2) Чайковский зачеркивает 3й тромбон и тубу.

3) Чайковский исправляет партии скрипок, а именно:



e.t.o.

[illegible]

28

Fg.

Cr.

P.

29

1)

pp

pp

pp

30

Fg.

Cr.

P.

2)

pp

pp

III

pp

cresc.

31

Cl.

P.

espress.

pp

Archi

3)

p

arco

- 1) Чайковский зачёркивает всё сопровождение: фэготы и валторны.
 2) Чайковский зачёркивает всё сопровождение: фэготы и валторны.
 3) Чайковский зачёркивает сопровождение: виолончели и к-басы.

32

Cl.
Fg.
P.
Cl.
Fg.
P.
Cl.
Fg.
P.
Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Fg.
P.
Archi

p
p
m.s.
cresc.
mf *cresc.*
mf *cresc.*
f *cresc.*
p
p
p
p

Fl.

Ob.

Trbn.

P.

Archi

Trbn.
e
Tb.

P.

Archi

34

cresc.

ff p cresc.

fp

pizz.

f pizz.

f pizz.

f pizz.

f pizz.

f pizz.

f

1) $p < f > pp$

$p < f > pp$

$< ff >$

p 3

arco div.

mf

arco div.

mf arco

mf arco

mf arco

mf arco

mf

1) Чайковский зачеркивает динамические оттенки у тромбонов.

P.
 Archi
 Cr.
 P.
 Archi

35
 mf cresc.
 1)
 cresc.
 cresc. unis.
 cresc.
 cresc.

1) Чайковский предлагает, начиная с четвертой четверти этого такта до первой четверти восьмого такта после 35 включительно, верхний голос фортепиано поднять на октаву выше, для чего ставит 3^{ya}.

1)

Fl. *mf espress.*

Ob. *mf espress. cresc.*

Cl. *mf espress.*

Fg.

Cr.

Trb. *mf cresc.*

Trbn. e Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi *unis.*

1) В этом месте (на полях) Чайковский ставит вопросительный знак и пишет: „не слишком ли сильно?“

36

Fl. *f* *p* *a2* *f*

Ob. *f* *p* *a2* *f*

Cl. *f* *p* *a2* *f*

Fg. *f* *a2* *f*

Cr. *f* *p*

Trb. *f* *p*

Trbn. e Tb. *f*

Trp. *f*

P. 1) *f*

36 non div. pizz. arco *f* arco *f* pizz. *f* arco *f* pizz. *f* 2) arco pizz. *f* pizz. *f* pizz. *f*

Archi *f*

1) На этом аккорде оканчивается *arco* (см. примечание на стр. 32ой)

2) Чайковский пишет: „как будто альт здесь щедеушен“ и предлагает так изменить альты и 2ые скрипки:

arco

arco

This block contains the musical score for measures 37 through 40. The instruments are Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone (Trbn e Tb.), Trumpet (Tp.), Piano (P.), and Archi (Archi). The score is in 2/4 time and B-flat major. Measures 37-40 show a complex orchestration with various dynamics and articulations. Measure 37 is marked with a box containing the number 37. Measure 38 has a box with 37. Measure 39 has a box with 37. Measure 40 has a box with 37. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *ff* and *f*.

1) Чайковский предлагает вторые скрипки играть октавой ниже:

2) Чайковский ставит крест над первыми и вторыми валторнами пометая: „Недостаточно выделяется. Фл. 8-----
выше?“

[illegible]

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.

Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

dolce

1)

p dolce

arco

p

1) Чайковский пишет: „почему *dolce* ?“

39

1)

Fl. *p cresc.*

Ob. *p espress.* *p* *I*

Cl. *p cresc.* *f*

Fg. *p cresc.* *f*

Cr. *f* *III*

Trb. *f*

Trbn. e Tb. *f*

Tr. *f*

P. *cresc.* *f*

39

Archi *arco* *p* *arco* *p cresc.* *p cresc.* *cresc.*

arco div. *p*

1) Чайковский пишет: „инструментовка этих двух тактов, и двух предыдущих, мне очень не нравится: бесхарактерно, немоследовательно, нелогично!“

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

III

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

unis.

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

The musical score is for page 43. It features a woodwind section with Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). A string section (Archi) is also present. The piano (P.) part is prominent, featuring a complex rhythmic pattern. The woodwinds and strings have various markings, including 'unis.' (unison) and 'pizz.' (pizzicato). The piano part has a 'trumpet' marking. The score is written in a key with two flats and a 2/4 time signature.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

III

I

p espress.

ff

f

pp

arco

pp

pp

pp

pp

40

41

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

41

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg. *a2*

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn. e Tb.

Tr.

P

Archi

1)

The musical score is for page 47 of a symphony. It features a woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon), a brass section (Trumpet, Trombone, Tuba, Trumpet), a piano, and a string section. The woodwinds and brass play sustained chords and melodic fragments. The piano has a complex, rhythmic accompaniment. The strings play a melodic line with a crescendo marked '1)'.

1) В последующих двух тактах Чайковский зачерчивает лыги у струнных.

42

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg. a2

Cr.

Trb. 1) 2)

Trbn. e Tb.

Tr.

P.

42

Archi

1) Чайковский меняет 3 и 4 валторны

2) Чайковский меняет трубы

43

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Fg.
Cr.
Trb.
Trbn.
e
Tb.
Tp.
P.
Archi

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

147

148

149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179

180

181

182

183

184

185

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

212

213

214

215

216

217

218

219

220

221

222

223

224

225

226

227

228

229

230

231

232

233

234

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242

243

244

245

246

247

248

249

250

251

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

261

262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271

272

273

274

275

276

277

278

279

280

281

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

301

302

303

304

305

306

307

308

309

310

311

312

313

314

315

316

317

318

319

320

321

322

323

324

325

326

327

328

329

330

331

332

333

334

335

336

337

338

339

340

341

342

343

344

345

346

347

348

349

350

351

352

353

354

355

356

357

358

359

360

361

362

363

364

365

366

367

368

369

370

371

372

373

374

375

376

377

378

379

380

381

382

383

384

385

386

387

388

389

390

391

392

393

394

395

396

397

398

399

400

401

402

403

404

405

406

407

408

409

410

411

412

413

414

415

416

417

418

419

420

421

422

423

424

425

426

427

428

429

430

431

432

433

434

435

436

437

438

439

440

441

442

443

444

445

446

447

448

449

450

451

452

453

454

455

456

457

458

459

460

461

462

463

464

465

466

467

468

469

470

471

472

473

474

475

476

477

478

479

480

481

482

483

484

485

486

487

488

489

490

491

492

493

494

495

496

497

498

499

500

501

502

503

504

505

506

507

508

509

510

511

512

513

514

515

516

517

518

519

520

521

522

523

524

525

526

527

528

529

530

531

532

533

534

535

536

537

538

539

540

541

542

543

544

545

546

547

548

549

550

551

552

553

554

555

556

557

558

559

560

561

562

563

564

565

566

567

568

569

570

571

572

573

574

575

576

577

578

579

580

581

582

583

584

585

586

587

588

589

590

591

592

593

594

595

596

597

598

599

600

601

602

603

604

605

606

607

608

609

610

611

612

613

614

615

616

617

618

619

620

621

622

623

624

625

626

627

628

629

630

631

632

633

634

635

636

637

638

639

640

641

642

643

644

645

646

647

648

649

650

651

652

653

654

655

656

657

658

659

660

661

662

663

664

665

666

667

668

669

670

671

672

673

674

675

676

677

678

679

680

681

682

683

684

685

686

687

688

689

690

691

692

693

694

695

696

697

698

699

700

701

702

703

704

705

706

707

708

709

710

711

712

713

714

715

716

717

718

719

720

721

722

723

724

725

726

727

728

729

730

731

732

733

734

735

736

737

738

739

740

741

742

743

744

745

746

747

748

749

750

751

752

753

754

755

756

757

758

759

760

761

762

763

764

765

766

767

768

769

770

771

772

773

774

775

776

777

778

779

780

781

782

783

784

785

786

787

788

789

790

791

792

793

794

795

796

797

798

799

800

801

802

803

804

805

806

807

808

809

810

811

812

813

814

815

816

817

818

819

820

821

822

823

824

825

826

827

828

829

830

831

832

833

834

835

836

837

838

839

840

841

842

843

844

845

846

847

848

849

850

851

852

853

854

855

856

857

858

859

860

861

862

863

864

865

866

867

868

869

870

871

872

873

874

875

876

877

878

879

880

881

882

883

884

885

886

887

888

889

890

891

892

893

894

895

896

897

898

899

900

901

902

903

904

905

906

907

908

909

910

911

912

913

914

915

916

917

918

919

920

921

922

923

924

925

926

927

928

929

930

931

932

933

934

935

936

937

938

939

940

941

942

943

944

945

946

947

948

949

950

951

952

953

954

955

956

957

958

959

960

961

962

963

964

965

966

967

968

969

970

971

972

973

974

975

976

977

978

979

980

981

982

983

984

985

986

987

988

989

990

991

992

993

994

995

996

997

998

999

1000

Fl. *a2* *f* *cresc.* *ff* *44 a tempo*

Ob. *a2* *f* *cresc.* *ff*

Cl. *a2* *f* *cresc.* *ff*

Fg. *a2* *f* *cresc.* *ff*

Cr. *f* *ff*

Trb. *f* *ff*

Trbn. e Tb. *f* *ff*

Tp. *p* *cresc.* *f*

P. *f* *cresc.* *ff*

Archi *f* *cresc.* *ff dim.* *p*

ritard.

Cr. *p* *dim.*

Archi *p* *dim.*

45

Fl. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Ob. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Cl. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Cr. *p*

Archi *p* *cresc.* *f*

[illegible][illegible]

48

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Trp.

Archi

1)

a2

p

cresc.

ff

a2

1)

I

p

p

cresc.

fp

cresc.

fp

p cresc.

fp

fp

cresc.

fp

48

1) Чайковский отмечает несогласованность гобоев с трубами, ставит им кресты и пишет: „почему?“

49

p cresc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

p cresc.

Fg.

Cr.

cresc.

Trb.

Trbn.
Tb.

Trp.

49

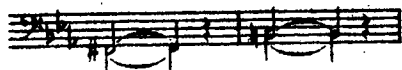
Archi

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

1) Чайковский пишет: „Почему, когда фаготы удваивают басы, они всегда у Вас идут унисоном, а не октавами?“

2) Чайковский исправляет тубу  и пишет: „Уж больно лезно!!! да и непоследовательно“.

1) Fl. *f*

Ob. *f*

Cl. *f*

Fg. *f* *sf*

Cr. *p* *f marcato*

Trb. *p*

Trbn. e Tb. *p*

Trp.

Archi *f* *sf*

2) *f*

3) *sf*

1) Чайковский предлагает флейты, гобой, кларнеты и валторны взять а2 и пишет: „Жидко в сравнении со всем предыдущим“.

2) Отсюда в последующих шести тактах контрабасы приписаны редактором - они явно по ошибке не вписаны Танеевым.

3) Чайковский зачеркивает лиги у первых скрипок.

Fl. Ob. Cl. Fg. Cr. Archi

51

Fl. Ob. Cl. Fg. Cr. Archi

51

Cl. *I* *p*

Fg. *I* *p*

Cr. *I*

Archi *I* *p espress.*

52

Cl. *p cresc.*

Cr. *p* *p cresc.*

Archi *f* *fp* *cresc.* *fp* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

54

Fl. *a2*

Ob. *a2*

Cl. *a2*

Fg. *a2*

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn. e Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

p cresc.

f

p cresc.

p cresc.

p cresc.

p cresc.

p cresc.

f

f

p

1)

54

sf sf sf sf

f

p cresc.

f

p cresc.

f

1) Чайковский исправляет партии скрипок:

sf sf sf sf

f

Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl.
 Fg.
 Cr.
 Trb.
 Trbn.
 e
 Tb.
 Trp.
 P.
 Archi

The score is for page 61 of a musical work. It features a woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon), a brass section (Cornet, Trumpet, Trombone, Trumpet), a piano (P.), and a string section (Archi). The woodwinds and piano have melodic lines with dynamic markings like *f* and *sf*. The brass and strings provide harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The key signature has two flats, and the time signature is 4/4.

1) Чайковский ставит над партией первых скрипок 8-ю ноту, и пишет: „октавой выше или нет? Если нет, то не последовательно.“

55

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn. e Tb.

Tuba

Tp.

P.

55

Archi

- 1) Чайковский пишет: „Почему это здесь все замолчали?“
- 2) Чайковский ставит в двух тактах над первыми скрипками 8-----

56

Cr. *I. II a:*

Tb.

P.

Archi

f

pizz.

ff

ff

p

57

dolce

P.

P.

P.

Archi

p dolce

Cr. *pp espress. espress.*

P.

Archi

Cr. *pp*

P.

Archi *arco* *p espress.*

Cr. *I* **59**

P.

Archi *p*

P.

Archi

pp

cresc.

arco

pp

cresc.

P.

Archi

f

60

1) pizz.

f

pp cresc.

pizz.

pp cresc.

pizz.

pp cresc.

pizz.

pp cresc.

pp cresc.

pp cresc.

1) Чайковский ставит в скобки два такта партии контрабасов - вероятно предлагая этим или их выкинуть, или играть *arco* (см. примечание 2-ое).

2) Чайковский зачеркивает *pizz.* у всех струнных и пишет: „Слишком много *pizz.*“

[illegible]

1) Чайковский предлагает тубу заменить контрабасом.

62

Fl. III

Cr.

Tb.

Tr.

P.

pp

sempre legato

arco

pp

Archi

Cl.

Fl.

Tb.

Tr.

P.

Archi

pp

pp

1) Чайковский пишет: „Контрабас лучше. Слишком низко. Вспомните, как подобное место играет саксо тубист в „Буре“. И востан оно не так низко“.

The image displays a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony or concert piece. The score is organized into two systems of staves. The first system includes parts for Clarinet (Cl.), Flute (Fg.), Trumpet (Tp.), Piano (P.), and Strings (Archi). The second system includes parts for Clarinet (Cl.), Flute (Fg.), Trombone (Tb.), Trumpet (Tp.), Piano (P.), and Strings (Archi). The music is written in a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The first system features complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth notes, and dynamic markings such as 'dim.' and 'pp'. The second system continues the musical themes, with the Piano part showing a more active role. The score is presented in a clear, professional layout with standard musical notation.

64 65 *pp espress.*

Fg.

Cr. I, II *pp* *dim.*

Tb. *pp*

Tr. *pp*

P. *espress.*

Archi *pp*

Fg. *pp*

Tr. *pp*

P.

Archi

Cl.
 Fg.
 Tr.
 P.
 Archi

Musical score for measures 66-70. The score includes parts for Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Trumpet (Tr.), Piano (P.), and Strings (Archi). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 3/4. The score is marked with dynamics such as *pp*, *pplegatissimo*, *pp arco*, and *cresc.*. A rehearsal mark (1) is placed above the Trumpet part in measure 68. The Piano part features a complex, rapid passage in measures 68-70. The Strings play a sustained, moving line in the lower register.

1) Чайковский пишет: „Мне кажется, начиная отсюда литаврам нужно играть тремоло и *cresc. poco a poco*“

67

Cl.

Tp.

P.

Archi

Cl.

Tp.

P.

Archi

This musical score page contains measures 67 through 70. The instrumentation includes Clarinet (Cl.), Trumpet (Tp.), Piano (P.), and String (Archi) sections. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into two systems by a double bar line. In the first system (measures 67-69), the Clarinet plays a melodic line with a long note in measure 67 and a half note in measure 68, followed by a half note in measure 69. The Trumpet plays a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The Piano has a complex, fast-moving accompaniment in the right hand and a simpler bass line in the left hand. The String section consists of four staves (Violins I, Violins II, Violas, and Cellos/Double Basses), each playing a sustained note or a simple melodic line. In the second system (measures 70-71), the Clarinet continues its melodic line. The Trumpet plays a similar rhythmic pattern. The Piano's accompaniment continues, with a crescendo leading to a forte (f) dynamic in measure 71. The String section also continues, with a forte (f) dynamic indicated in measure 71.

68

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg. II

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn. e

Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

This musical score page contains measures 68 through 71. The instruments are arranged in the following order from top to bottom: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg. II), Cor Anglais (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone/Euphonium (Trbn. e), Tuba (Tb.), Trumpet (Tp.), Piano (P.), and a section of strings (Archi). The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat). Measure 68 begins with a box containing the number 68. The Flute and Oboe parts are mostly rests. The Clarinet and Bassoon parts have notes in measures 69 and 70, marked with *sf* (sforzando). The Bassoon part has a *pp* (pianissimo) marking in measure 68 and a *p* (piano) marking in measure 71. The Cor Anglais part has a *p* marking in measure 68 and a *pp* marking in measure 71. The Trumpet part has a *pp* marking in measure 68, an *mf* (mezzo-forte) marking in measure 69, and a *pp* marking in measure 71. The Piano part has a *f* (forte) marking in measure 69. The string section (Archi) has a *pp* marking in measure 68 and *f* markings in measures 69 and 70. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings.

Cl. *p* *cresc.*

Tp. *p* *cresc.*

P. *f* *cresc.*

Archi

1) *p* *ten.* *cresc.* *sf* *cresc.* *ten.* *sf*

Cl. *f*

Tp.

P. *ff*

Archi *f* *ten.* *sf* *ten.* *sf*

f *sf* *cresc.*

1) Чайковский исправляет первые скрипки:



Fl. *a2* *f sf sf* **70**
 Ob. *a2* *f sf sf*
 Cl. *a2* *f sf sf*
 Fg. *a2* *p cresc.*
 Cr. *p* *cresc.*
 Trb. *p* *cresc.*
 Trbn. *f* *III* *1)*
 Tb. *f*
 Tr. *pp* *cresc.* *f*
 P. *f*
 Archi *p* *cresc.* *f cresc.* *f* **70**
p *cresc.*

The musical score is arranged in systems. The first system includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.). The second system includes Cor (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone (Trbn.), and Tuba (Tb.). The third system includes Trumpet (Tr.) and Percussion (P.). The fourth system includes the string section (Archi). The score features various dynamics such as *f* (forte), *sf* (sforzando), *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), and *cresc.* (crescendo). There are also articulation marks like *a2* and *III*, and a specific instruction *1)* for the Trombone. The measures are numbered 69 and 70.

1) Чайковский пишет: „не лучше ли трубе?“

[illegible]

1) Чайковский пишет: „А трубы?“

72

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn
e
Tb.

Tp.

P

72

Archi

The musical score for page 76, measures 72-75, is presented in a standard orchestral layout. The instruments are arranged in the following order from top to bottom: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone/Euphonium (Trbn e Tb.), Tuba (Tb.), Piano (P), and Strings (Archi). The score is written in 4/4 time and features a variety of musical notations, including dynamics (p, f, ff), articulations (accents, slurs), and specific performance instructions (e.g., 'a2' for the Bassoon). The key signature is one flat (B-flat major or D minor). The score is divided into measures 72, 73, 74, and 75, with a repeat sign at the end of measure 75. A large, faint watermark is visible across the center of the page.

This page of a musical score is for a symphony orchestra. It contains staves for the following instruments:

- Fl.** (Flute): Features a melodic line with triplets and a crescendo.
- Ob.** (Oboe): Features a melodic line with triplets and a crescendo.
- Cl.** (Clarinet): Features a melodic line with triplets and a crescendo.
- Fg.** (Bassoon): Features a melodic line with a crescendo.
- Cr.** (Horn): Features a melodic line with a crescendo.
- Trb.** (Trumpet): Features a melodic line with a crescendo.
- Trbn. e Tb.** (Trombone and Tuba): Features a melodic line with a crescendo.
- Tp.** (Tuba): Features a melodic line with a crescendo.
- P.** (Piano): Features a melodic line with a crescendo.
- Archi** (Strings): Features a melodic line with a crescendo.

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *f*, *p*, *cresc.*, and *sempre pp*.

78

Fl. *sf*

Ob. *sf*

Cl. *sf*

Fg. *sf*

Cr. *sf*

Trb. *sf*

Trbn. e Tb. *sf*

Tp.

P.

78

Archi *sf*

1) pizz.

p

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

1) Чайковский зачеркивает pizz. у всех струнных.

[illegible]

75

Fl. I *p espress.*

Cl. *p* *dim.* *espress.*

Fg. *p* *dim.* *espress.*

Cr. II

Archi *espress. arco* *p espress.* *arco* *p espress.* *pp arco*

¹⁾ Вписано редактором, как явно пропущенное Танеевым [см. клави́р]

76 77

Cl. *pp*

Fg. *pp*

P.

Archi

p *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

Fl. *espress. p*

Cl. *espress. p*

P. *cresc.*

Archi

1) *p*

1) Чайковский предлагает отсюда в последующих семи тактах снять виолончели и к-басы.

78

Fl.

Cl.

Fg.

P.

p

p

p

5 3 7 5

Fl.

Cl.

Fg.

P.

5 3

79

Fl.

Cl.

Fg.

P.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

7 5 5

1) Чайковский оставляет у тромбонов только основную динамику: p , остальное зачеркивает.

81

Trbn.

e

Tb.

*pp**pp*

P.

Archi

arco
div.*mf* arco
div.*mf*

arco

mf

arco

mf

P.

Archi

Ob. *p espress. cresc.*

Fg. *p cresc.*

P. *1)*

Archi *cresc. unis.*

Fl. *I p espress. cresc. f p*

Ob. *I f p*

Cl. *I p espress. cresc. f p*

Fg. *f p*

Cr. *I-II p cresc. f p*

P. *f p*

Archi *unis. f p*

1) Чайковский пишет: „То же замечание, что в 1 части“. [См. экспозицию стр. 32.]

83

Fl. *a2* *f*

Ob. *a2* *f*

Cl. *a2* *f*

Fg. *a2* *f*

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e

Tb.

Trp.

P.

83

Archi

1) Чайковский пишет: „Забыли квартет“. Таковой вписан редактором.

84

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e

Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

84

The musical score is for page 86, measures 84-87. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone (Trbn. e), Tuba (Tb.), Trombone (Tb.), Trumpet (Tp.), Piano (P.), and Strings (Archi). The score features various dynamics including *ff*, *mf*, and *arco*. A large '84' is written in a box at the top right and bottom right of the page. A large '86' is written in the top left corner of the page.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

p

p marcato

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

1) *dolce*

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

arco

p dolce

arco

p

arco

p

arco

p

1) Чайковский зачеркивает *dolce*

85

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

P.

85

Archi

The musical score for page 89, measures 85-88, is presented below. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Cor Anglais (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone/Euphonium (Trbn. e Tb.), Tuba (Tb.), Piano (P.), and Strings (Archi). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into two systems. The first system contains measures 85-88. The second system contains measures 89-92. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (p, f, cresc.), articulation (accents), and fingerings. A large watermark 'Sibelius' is visible across the page.

Measure 85: Fl. (p), Ob. (p), Cl. (p), Fg. (p), Cr. (f), Trb. (f), Trbn. e Tb. (f), Tp. (f), P. (f), Archi (p).

Measure 86: Fl. (p), Ob. (p), Cl. (p), Fg. (p), Cr. (f), Trb. (f), Trbn. e Tb. (f), Tp. (f), P. (f), Archi (p).

Measure 87: Fl. (p), Ob. (p), Cl. (p), Fg. (p), Cr. (f), Trb. (f), Trbn. e Tb. (f), Tp. (f), P. (f), Archi (p).

Measure 88: Fl. (p), Ob. (p), Cl. (p), Fg. (p), Cr. (f), Trb. (f), Trbn. e Tb. (f), Tp. (f), P. (f), Archi (p).

[illegible]

Largamente

Fl.
Ob.
Cl.
Fg.
Cr.
Trb.
Trbn.
e
Tb.
Tp.
P.
Archi

This musical score page, numbered 91, is marked 'Largamente' (Ad libitum). It features a woodwind section with Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.), each with a first finger (I) fingering indicated. The brass section includes Trumpet (Tp.), Trombone (Trbn.), and Tuba (Tb.). The piano (P.) part is written for both hands, showing a complex rhythmic pattern with triplets and a crescendo. The string section (Archi) is divided into four staves, with the first three staves showing a melodic line and the fourth staff showing a bass line. The tempo 'Largamente' is written above the string section.

87

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg. *a2*

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn. *c*

Tb.

Tr.

P.

Archi

1)

1) Чайковский зачеркивает в этом и следующем такте все лиги у струнных инструментов.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg. a2

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn. e

Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

This musical score page, numbered 98, contains staves for the following instruments: Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg., marked a2), Cor Anglais (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone (Trbn., marked e), Tuba (Tb.), Trombone (Tp.), Piano (P.), and Strings (Archi). The score is written in a key with two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a common time signature (C). The woodwind and brass sections play sustained chords and melodic fragments, often with long notes and slurs. The piano part features a complex, rhythmic accompaniment with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The string section provides a harmonic foundation with long, sustained notes and some melodic movement.

88

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e

Tb.

Trp.

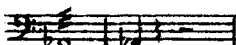
P.

88

Archi

1) Партия труб прибавлена редактором.

2) 3) Чайковский вносит следующее изменение:



89

ritardando

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Trp.

P.

Archi

III

f

pp

cresc.

89

ritardando

1)2) У Тамеева фаготы нотированы явно ошибочно:



90

a tempo

Fl. a2

Ob. a2

Cl. a2

Fg. a2

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn. e Tb.

Tp.

P. *ff* *dim.* 5

90

a tempo

Archi *ff*

Cr. I

p dolce

dolce

P.

Cr. I

91

P.

Cr. I

cresc.

P.

Cr. I

p

P.

Cr. I

pp

P.

Detailed description: This page contains four systems of musical notation for a Cr. (Cello) and P. (Piano) duo. Each system consists of two staves. The first system (measures 91-92) features a Cr. staff with a first finger (I) fingering and a piano (*p*) dynamic, with *dolce* markings above the staff. The P. staff has a complex arpeggiated texture. The second system (measures 93-94) continues the Cr. line with a first finger (I) fingering and includes a crescendo (*cresc.*) marking. The P. staff continues with similar arpeggiated patterns. The third system (measures 95-96) shows the Cr. staff with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The P. staff features a fifth finger (5) fingering. The fourth system (measures 97-98) shows the Cr. staff with a pianissimo (*pp*) dynamic. The P. staff continues with arpeggiated figures. A large, faint watermark is visible across the center of the page.

Cr.

P.

Archi

pp dolce

pp

pp

pp

92

P.

Archi

This system contains the first two staves of a musical score. The top staff is for Piano (P.) and the bottom staff is for Archi (Archi). The Piano part features a complex melodic line with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, including a triplet of eighth notes marked with a '7' and a group of eighth notes marked with an '8'. The Archi part consists of four staves (violin I, violin II, viola, and cello) with long, sustained notes and some slurs, indicating a harmonic accompaniment.

P.

Archi

This system contains the next two staves of the musical score. The Piano (P.) part continues with intricate melodic passages, featuring several slurs and fingerings (5, 7, 8, 5) indicated below the notes. The Archi (Archi) part continues with sustained notes and slurs across its four staves, providing a harmonic foundation for the piano melody.

93

P.

Archi

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

P.

Archi

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

P.

Archi

espress.

P.

Archi

espress.

94 *pp espress.*

Cl.

Fg.

pp

P.

8

7

Archi

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

p espress.

P.

5

7

5

Archi

p espress.

8- 7 8-

P.

sul G
pp espress.

Archi

pp

espress.

Fl.

Ob.

espress.

Cl.

pp

Fg.

pp

Cr.

pp

P.

Archi

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 103. It features multiple staves for different instruments. The top section includes a Piano (P.) part with a complex melodic line in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand, marked with '8-' and '7'. Below this is an 'Archi' (Archi) section with a melodic line in the upper staves and a supporting bass line in the lower staves, marked with 'sul G' and 'pp espress.'. The middle section includes staves for Fl. (Flute), Ob. (Oboe), Cl. (Clarinet), Fg. (Fagotto), and Cr. (Corni). The Fl. and Ob. parts have melodic lines with 'espress.' and 'pp' markings. The Cl. part has a melodic line with 'pp' and 'I' markings. The Fg. part has a melodic line with 'pp' markings. The Cr. part has a melodic line with 'pp' markings. The bottom section includes a second Piano (P.) part with a complex melodic line in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand, marked with 'pp'. Below this is another 'Archi' section with a melodic line in the upper staves and a supporting bass line in the lower staves, marked with 'pp'.

95

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Cr.

Tp.

P.

Archi

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Cr.

Tp.

P.

Archi

ritardando

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

pp

Cr.

pp

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

pp

P.

ritardando

Archi

pp

pp

pp

pp

The musical score is written for a full orchestra. The woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) and the Cor Anglais play sustained notes with a 'ritardando' marking. The Percussion part features a complex rhythmic pattern. The strings play a simple harmonic accompaniment with 'pp' dynamics.

96 1) Tempo I

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.

Tb.

Trp.

P.

Archi

96 1) Tempo I

2) pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

f

- 1) Чайковский пишет в клавире „Росо ріа мошо“.
- 2) Чайковский вычеркивает pizz. у всех струнных.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Bs.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn. e Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

arco

pizz.

97

97

ritard.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

arco

ritard.

The musical score is for page 108 and features the following instruments and parts:

- Woodwinds:** Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.).
- Brass:** Cornet (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone/Euphonium/Tuba (Trbn. e Tb.), and Tuba (Tp.).
- Piano (P.):** The piano part features a complex, fast-moving melody in the right hand, with a more rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand. A measure rest of 8 measures is indicated above the first staff of the piano part.
- Strings (Archi):** The string section consists of five staves. They enter with a forte (f) dynamic and play a sustained, rhythmic pattern. The instruction "arco" is written above the first four staves, indicating that the strings are to be played with bows.

Dynamic markings and performance instructions include:

- Fl., Ob., Cl., Fg.:** *p* (piano) at the start, then *ff* (fortissimo) later.
- Cr., Trb., Trbn. e Tb., Tp.:** *f* (forte) at the start.
- Archi:** *ff* (fortissimo) at the start, then *f* (forte) later.
- Performance instructions:** "ritard." (ritardando) is written above the woodwind and string staves.

98 a tempo

Fl. *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. *ff*

Fg. *ff* a2

Cr. *f*

Trb. *f*

Trbn. ¹⁾ *f*

Tb. *f*

Trp. *f*

P. *f*

Archi *f*

98 a tempo

Archi *f*

Archi *ff*

Archi *ff*

¹⁾ Чайковский ставит вопросительный знак и пишет: „А тромбоны?“

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fg. *a2*

Cr.

Trb.

Trbn.
e
Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

This musical score page, numbered 110, contains staves for various instruments. The woodwind section includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fg.) with a second octave marking (*a2*). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone/Euphonium/Tuba (Trbn. e Tb.), and Trombone (Tp.). The piano (P.) and string (Archi) sections are also present. The strings are divided into Violins (top two staves), Violas (middle staff), Cellos/Double Basses (bottom two staves), and a separate Bass line (bottom staff). The score is written in a key with two flats and a 4/4 time signature. A large, faint watermark 'V.M.N.' is visible across the page.

99 Più mosso

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fig. ^{a2}

C.

Trb.

Trbn. e Tb.

Trp.

P. *p cresc.*

99 Più mosso

Archi

f pizz.

f pizz.

f pizz.

f pizz.

f pizz.

f pizz.

¹⁾ Чайковский зачеркивает pizz. у всех струнных и пишет: „Ужасно много pizz.“

Fl. *ff* *a2*

Ob. *ff* *a2*

Cl. *sf* *ff* *a2*

Fg. *f* *ff* *a2*

Cr. *f*

Trb. *f*

Trbn. *f*

e *f*

Tb. *f*

Tp. *f*

P. *f*

Archi *f* *arco* *ff* *arco* *ff* *arco* *ff* *arco* *ff* *arco*

100

100

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony. The score is written for a large orchestra, including the following instruments:

- Fl.** (Flute)
- Ob.** (Oboe)
- Cl.** (Clarinet)
- Fg.** (Bassoon)
- Cr.** (Horn)
- Trb.** (Trumpet)
- Trbn. e Tb.** (Trombone and Tuba)
- TP.** (Tuba)
- P.** (Piano)
- Archi** (Strings)

The score is written in a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The music features various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamic markings include *a2*, *f*, and *cresc.* (crescendo). The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the instruments are grouped into systems. The overall style is that of a classical orchestral score.

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for multiple instruments, including Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Horn (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone (Trbn.), Tuba (Tb.), Percussion (Tp.), and Strings (P.). The score is divided into two systems, with measures 101 and 102 clearly marked. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *ff* (fortissimo) and *fff* (fortississimo). The string section (P.) is shown with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The woodwind and brass sections are shown with single staves. The percussion section (Tp.) is shown with a single staff. The string section (P.) is shown with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The score is written in a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The page number 101 is visible in the top left corner, and 102 is visible in the top right corner. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and dynamic markings clearly visible.

II

Andante funebre

2 Flauti

2 Oboi

2 Clarinetti (B)

2 Fagotti

4 Corni (F)

2 Trombe (B)

3 Tromboni
e
Tuba

Timpani

Piano

m.s.
p m.d.
cresc.
f
p
cresc.

Violini I

Violini II

Viola

Violoncelli

Contrabassi

1

Fig. *f*

P. *f* *m. d.*

Archi *f*

Fig. *a2*

Gr. *f*

Trbn. *mf* *pp* *f*

Tb. *mf* *pp* *f*

Trp. *f*

P. *m. s.*

Archi *p* *f*

The musical score is written for a large ensemble. The top system includes Fig. (Flute) and P. (Piano). The Fig. part has a first ending bracketed and numbered '1'. The P. part has a section marked 'm. d.'. Below this is the Archi (Strings) section. The bottom system includes Fig. (Flute), Gr. (Guitar), Trbn. (Trumpet), Tb. (Tuba), Trp. (Trumpet), P. (Piano), and Archi (Strings). The Fig. part has a section marked 'a2'. The Trbn. and Tb. parts have dynamic markings 'mf' and 'pp'. The Trp. part has a dynamic marking 'f'. The P. part has a section marked 'm. s.'. The Archi part has dynamic markings 'p' and 'f'.

2

Cl.

P.

m. s.

f

dim.

p

7.

pp pp

3

Cl.

Cr.

LII.

p

cresc.

P.

cresc.

7.

Archi

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

Cr.

f

P.

f

7.

Archi

f

4

Fg.

Cr.

P.

dim.

p

Archi

sole

p marcato

p

Fg.

cresc.

P.

cresc.

Archi

mf

mf

cresc.

mf

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

5

Fg. *mf*

Cr. *mf cresc.* *f* *dim.* *pp*

III

TP. *f* *dim.* *pp*

P. *f* *dim.* *p*

Archi *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *pp*

cresc. *f* *dim.* *pp*

cresc. *f* *dim.* *pp*

f *dim.*

6

P. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Archi *pp* *mf*

pp *mf*

7

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

P.

Archi

p *cresc.*

f

8

Ob.

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

P.

Archi

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

p subito *cresc.*

p subito *cresc.*

This is a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written for various instruments, including Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), Horn (Cr.), Trumpet (Trb.), Trombone (Trbn.), Euphonium (e), Tuba (Tb.), Percussion (P.), and Strings (Archi). The score is divided into measures, with dynamic markings such as *f* (forte), *dim.* (diminuendo), *cresc.* (crescendo), and *p* (piano) indicating the volume and intensity of the music. The notation includes notes, rests, and other musical symbols typical of a symphonic score. The page is numbered 10 in the bottom right corner.

9

Fl. *ff dim.* *a2*

Ob. *ff dim.* *a2*

Cl. *ff dim.* *a2* *p*

Fg. *ff dim.* *a2* *p*

Cr. *ff dim.* *p*

Trb. *ff dim.* *p*

Trbn. *ff dim.* *p*

Tb. *ff dim.* *p*

Tp. *ff dim.* *p*

9

P. *ff dim.* *mf*

Archi *ff dim.* *mf*

10

P.

Archi

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Tp.

P.

Archi

rit. I 11 a tempo

pp

pp

pp

pp

div. pp

div. pp

div. pp

Cl.

Fg.

Cr.

Trbn.

Tb.

Tp.

P.

Archi

12

Trb.

P.

13 14

Cl. *pp*

Cr. *pp* II

Trb. I *pp*

Tp. *pp*

P.

Archi *pp* div. *pp* div. *pp*

Cl. *a2* *pp*

Cr. II *ppp* IV *ppp*

Trb. I *ppp*

Tb. *ppp*

Tp. *ppp*

P.

Archi *unis. pizz.* *pp* *pizz.* *pp* *pizz.* *pizz.* *unis.*